| Surname |
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| Other Names |


| Centre <br> Number |  |
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|  | Candidate <br> Number |
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## GCE AS

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S18-B500U10-1

## COMPUTER SCIENCE - AS component 1

Fundamentals of Computer Science
MONDAY, 4 JUNE 2018 - MORNING
2 hours

## ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

A calculator.

## INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball point pen.
Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the space at the top of this page.
Answer all questions.
Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

| For Examiner's use only |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Question | Maximum <br> Mark | Mark <br> Awarded |
| 1. | 9 |  |
| 2. | 8 |  |
| 3. | 10 |  |
| 4. | 5 |  |
| 5. | 6 |  |
| 6. | 13 |  |
| 7. | 4 |  |
| 8. | 7 |  |
| 9. | 4 |  |
| 10. | 8 |  |
| 11. | 10 |  |
| 12. | 6 |  |
| 13. | 10 |  |
| Total | 100 |  |

If you run out of space, use the continuation page at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

## INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.
You are reminded of the need for good English and orderly, clear presentation in your answers.
The total number of marks available is 100 .

## Answer all questions.

1. (a) Explain the importance of networking standards.
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(b) Describe the difference between the SMTP and IMAP protocols.
(c) Describe how traffic is routed on a packet switched network.

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[^0]3. (a) Complete the following truth table.

| A | B | A AND B | A OR B | (A OR B) <br> XOR <br> (A AND B) | Not ((A OR B) <br> XOR (A AND B)) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |

(b) The following data is stored in an 8 bit register.

| 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(i) Demonstrate a process that can be used to discover the state of the most significant bit in the register.
(ii) Demonstrate how this register can be cleared using a logical operator.
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4. Describe the difference between fixed and variable length records. Give an example of data that would be contained in a variable length field and an example of data that would be contained in a fixed length field.
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5. The following two files are stored on an external hard disk drive (HDD).


File A

Compare the difference in disk access speeds when loading File A and File B into main memory. Explain why there is a difference and how this can be overcome.
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6. (a) Convert $6 \mathrm{~F}_{16}$ and $\mathrm{AB}_{16}$ into binary numbers and add them together using binary addition.
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(b) (i) In a certain computer system, real numbers are stored in floating point form using two's complementation, an 8 bit mantissa and a 4 bit exponent.

Convert the number $15.875_{10}$ into this floating point form.
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(ii) In the same computer system, the following is a floating point representation of a real number:

| Mantissa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |$\quad$| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Calculate the denary value of the mantissa and exponent, and convert this floating point number into a denary number.
(c) Give two advantages of representing numbers in integer form and two advantages of representing numbers in floating point form.
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7. State the minimum storage requirements in bits for each of the following data types.

| Data Type | Minimum Storage Requirements |
| :--- | :--- |
| Boolean |  |
| ASCII Character |  |
| ASCII String |  |
|  |  |
| Short Integer <br> (Signed range: $-32,768_{10}$ to $+32,767_{10}$ ) |  |

8. Betty's Bakery wants to convert imperial measurements for weight (lb) into metric measurements (kg).

The conversion from pounds into kilograms is:
$1 \mathrm{lb}=0.453592 \mathrm{~kg}$
Write an algorithm, using pseudo-code, which will allow a user to input a series of imperial measurements and output the equivalent metric measurements.

As the number of measurements to be input is unknown, your algorithm should terminate when a user inputs a rogue value (less than 0.0 ).

Your algorithm should output a suitable error message for any data entered that is not a real data type, e.g. a, B, z, @.

Your algorithm should be written using self-documenting identifiers.
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9. Describe the main features of batch processing and give an application that would be suitable
for this mode of operation.
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10. Clearly showing each step, simplify the following Boolean expression:

$$
P \cdot(\bar{Q}+R)+Q \cdot(P+\bar{Q})+R \cdot(P+R)+\bar{S} \cdot S
$$

11. The following insertion sort algorithm attempts to sort data stored in myArray, but contains an error.
```
Declare Subroutine InsertionSort (myArray)
i is integer
j is integer
n is integer
currentItem is integer
inserted is boolean
set inserted = FALSE
set n = ubound[myArray] {number of items in array}
for i = 1 to n - 1
    currentItem = myArray[i]
    inserted = FALSE
    j = i - 1
    do
        if (currentItem < myArray[j]) then
                        myArray[j + 1] = myArray[j]
                j = j - 1
                myArray[j + 1] = currentItem
                else
                inserted = TRUE
            end if
    while (j >= 0 AND inserted = TRUE)
    next i
30 End Subroutine
```

12
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(a) Describe the term sequence in algorithms.
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(b) Describe how insertion sort algorithms operate.
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(c) Explain why the insertion sort algorithm in this question will fail.
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(d) Suggest a suitable change that could be made to the algorithm to overcome this problem.
(e) Name and describe a different sort algorithm.

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12. Name and describe three different file attributes.
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13. A systems analyst has been commissioned to produce a new computer based system.

Discuss the ways in which the systems analyst could carry out an investigation and analysis, to ascertain the needs of the client and describe the possible effects of increasing the use of computers in the workplace in terms of the nature of employment and wider society.
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For continuation only.


[^0]:    2. Compare the functional characteristics of a Solid State Drive (SSD) and Blu-ray Optical Drive (BD).

    Give a typical use and storage capacity for each.

